for 1993-94 and 1994-95 : and actual tou list traffic during 1992-93 and 1991-92?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD) : (a) Government Policy relating to investment in tourism has been liberalised by providing incentives including tax incentives to encourage tourism projects. Government has also liberalised the norms for foreign investmsnt in this sector.

The Ministry of Environment and forests have notified and Environment Protection Rules in the coastal zones with regard to development of beach resorts/hotels in the designated areas. The hotel industry is also required to follow regulations relating to pollution control.

(b) The international tourist traffic (excluding Pakistan and Bangladesh) to India projected for 1993-94 is 1.43 million. The expected growth during 1994-95 will be 10% of the above figure. The comprative figures for the last two years is as follows :

Year	Tourist Arrivals
1991-92	1.32 millions
1992-93	1.43 millions

No target has been prepared on domestic tourist traffic..

Development of Monuments for Tourist Attraction

43. SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:

SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA :

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that State Governments have been asked to identify at least one monument in their respective States which can be developed as a World class tourist attraction; and

(b) if so, what is the response of Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh and other State Governments, thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) On the basis of information received from some of the States and in consultation with Archaeological Survey of India, a list of monuments has been drawn up.

44[Transferred to 8th December, 1993]

Enquiry into HDW submarine contract

45. SHRI M. A. BABY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what is the present state of enquiry into the HDW submarines contract; and

(b) by when the final findings are likely to be available ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI MALLIKARJUN): (a) and (b) The matter is being investigated by the Central Bureau of Investigation, who have registered a Regular Case. It would not be possible to indicate any time, by which, final findings will be available, as the invstir gations are still in progress.

Ordnance Factories in the Country

46. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) the number of ordnance factories and their locations in the country which are functioning at present;

(b) the items and equipments manufactured in each of these factories ; and

(c) the details of the role of Research and Development in improving the quality of the pro'ducts of these factories ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI MALLIKARJUN): (a) and (b) There are 39 ordnance factories functioning at present in the country. The major items of production in ordnance factories are arms and ammunitions of different calibres, rockets mortars, pyrotechnics, bombs, grenades, mines, guns, tanks, armoured vehicles, patrol/transport vehicles, parachutes, clothing/leather items and general stores for the armed forces.

Based on the broad category of items manfacturejf, detail? Of location of ordnance factories are given in the enclosed statement. *{See* below).

(c) There is . a constant endeavour by in-house research and development in ordnance factories to improve and upgrade the quality of the products. In addition, upgradation as also induction of hitech and modern products is taken up in ordnance factories based on research and development of Defence Research and Development Organisation.

Statement

Details regarding the number and locations of ordinance factories and the equipments manufactured by them.

I. *Ammunition & Explosive Division*

1. Ordnance Factory, Chanda, Maharashtra
2. Ordnance Factory, Khamaria, Madhya Pradesh
3. Ordnance Factory, Varangeen, Maharashtra
4. Ordnance Factory, Dehu Road, Maharashtra
5. Ammunition Factory Kirkee, Maharashtra
6. Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, Tamil Nadu
7. Ordnance Factory, Bhandara, Maharashtra
8. Ordnance Factory, Itarsi, Madhya Pradesh
9. High Explosive Factory, Kirkee, Maharashtra
10. Ordnance Factory, Bolangir (Project), Orissa

II. *Material & Component Division*

11. Machine Tools Prototype Factory, Ambamath, Maharashtra
12. Ordnance Factory, Ambamath, Maharashtra
13. Ordnance Factory, Katni, Madhya Pradesh
14. Metal & Steel Factory, Ishapore, West Bengal
15. Ordnance Factory, Bhusawal Maharashtra
16. Ordnance Factory Dehradun, Uttar' Pradesh
17. Ordnance Factory Amabjhari, Maharashtra
18. Ordnance Factory, MuradnagSr, Uttar Pradesh
19. Ordnance Cable Factory, Chandigarh
20. Heavy Alloy Penetrator Project, Tiruenirapalfl, Tamil Nadu
21. Opto Electronic Factory, Dehradun, Uttar Pradesh

III. *Weapons Vehicles & Equipment Division*

22. Gun Carriage Factory, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh
23. Field Gun Factory, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh
24. Ordnance Factory, Kanpur Uttar Pradesh
25. Gun and Shell Factory, Cossipore, West Bengal
26. Ordnance Factory, Dum Durn, West Bengal
27. Ordnance Factory, Triuecnitrapally, Tamil Nadu
28. Small Arms Factory, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh
29. Rifle Factory, Ishapore, West Bengal
30. Grey Iron Foundry, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh

31. Vehicle Factory, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh

IV. *Ordnance Equipment Factories Group*

32. Ordnance Equipment Factory, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh
33. Ordnance Clothing Factory, Avadi, Tamil Nadu
34. Ordnaance Clothing Factory, Shahjahanpur, Uttar Pradesh
35. Ordnance Parachute Factory, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh
36. Ordnance Equipment Factory, Hazaratpur, Uttar Pradesh

V. *Armoured Vehicles Division*

37. Heavy Vehicle Factory, Avadi, Tamil Nadu
38. Ordnance Factory, Medak, Andhra Pradesh
39. Engine Factory, Avadi, Tamil Nadu

Encroachment on defence lands in Kanpur

47. SHRl RAFIQ ALAM: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that encroachment on defence lands and premises with unauthorised constructions have been increasing within the limits of Kanpur Cantonment during the past two years;

(b) if so, whether the lapses of the local administration have been identified;

(c) whether Government have not initiated action for vigilance cases ; and

(d) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI MALLIKARJUN): (a) to (d) Despite the removal of 200 fresh encroachments in the period 1-10-1991 to 1-10-1993, there has been a slight increase in the extent of encroachments.

As far as unauthorised constructions are concerned, 93 cases were detected of which in 86 cases notices have been issued under sections 185 or 256 of the Cantonments Act, 1924. The remaining 7 cases are the subject matter of Civil Suits.

No lapses on the part of concerned authorities have come to the notice of the Government.

जम्मू और कश्मीर के सीमावर्ती क्षेत्रों में घुसपैठ और झड़पें

48. श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह : क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) विगत तीन महीनों के दौरान जम्मू और कश्मीर के सीमावर्ती क्षेत्रों में पाकिस्तानी घुसपैठ के मामलों की संख्या कितनी है और भारत तथा पाकिस्तान के सैनिकों के बीच कितनी झड़पें हुई हैं;

(ख) इन झड़पों में कितने व्यक्ति मारे गये और मरने वालों में से भारत और पाकिस्तान के सैनिकों की अलग-अलग संख्या कितनी-कितनी है; और

(ग) क्या उक्त झड़पों में मारे गये भारतीय सैनिकों के परिवारों को कोई विशेष मुआवजा दिया गया; यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ?

रक्षा मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री मल्लिकार्जुन) : (क) और (ख) पिछले तीन महीनों के दौरान जम्मू-कश्मीर में नियंत्रण रेखा से राष्ट्रविरोधी तत्वों द्वारा 21 बार की गई घुसपैठ के बारे में पता चला है । मुठभेड़ों में 44 राष्ट्रविरोधी तत्व मारे गए और 41 पकड़े गए । इन मुठभेड़ों में हमारे कुछ सैनिक मारे गए अथवा घायल हुए ।